MINING IN MASSACHUSETTS

Massachusetts's mining industry is vital to the state's economy. It ranked thirty-eighth nationally in total nonfuel mineral production value in 2004. The value of nonfuel minerals was \$210 million. The industry employed 1,769 workers, with an average annual income of \$49,663. Massachusetts's combined direct and indirect economic output gain from the mining industry was \$1.9 billion (2005 data).

America's mining industry directly employed over 320,000 employees in 2004, who labored to produce minerals with a total value of over \$67 billion. These materials were further transformed by consuming industries into consumer and industrial goods creating an additional \$2.0 trillion in value added by other mineral, metal and coal consuming industries.

FACTS ABOUT MASSACHUSETTS' MINING INDUSTRY

Massachusetts accounts for less than 1% of the total U.S. nonfuel mineral production value. Crushed stone, construction sand and gravel and lime are the State's leading nonfuel minerals. The State ranks fifth in the production of dimension stone.

Employment <u>1</u> /		Annual Production Value	
Total State Industry	1,769	Clays, common	\$321,000
		Gemstones	1,000
		Sand and Gravel:	
Number of Mines		Construction	90,000,000
Nonfuel Minerals	159	Stone <u>3</u> /:	
		Crushed	109,000,000
Annual Wages		Dimension	11,600,000
Mining Industry Average <u>2</u> /	\$49,663	Others*	W
Total State Average		Total	\$210,000,000
(Private Sector)	\$48,987		
Coal Consumption (short tons)		Mining's Impact on the Massachus	setts
Electric Power 4,357,000		Economy 4/ (millions)	
Industrial	W	Output Generated - Direct	\$210
Residential/Commercial	w	Output Generated - Indirect	1,690
Total	4,463,000	Total	1,900
		Earnings Generated - Direct	79
Value of Nonfuel Mineral		Earnings Generated - Indirect	511
Production Per Capita	\$33	Total	590
Per capita nonfuel mineral value i	eflects the		
amount of nonfuel minerals produced per		Personal Income and Tax Revenue	
person in the state. The value is calculated		Generated	227
by dividing the total value of nonfi	uel mineral		
production by the total state population		Employment Impacts	
(2004 U.S. Census Bureau data).		Employment Generated - Direct	1,700
•		Employment Generated - Indirect	11,700
		Total	13,400

Note: Data may not add to totals because of independent rounding.

- 1/ Includes employees of all mining sectors, contractors and office workers.
- 2/ Includes coal.
- 3/ Excludes certain stones; kind and value indicated in "Combined value."
- 4/ Data provided by Moore Economics study The Economic Contributions of the Mining Industry in 2005 (2005 data).
- W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data.
- * Combined value of lime and sand and gravel (industrial).

Sources: U.S. Geological Survey, Mineral Industry Surveys, 2004; DOE/EIA Coal Industry Annual 2004; Bureau of Labor Statistics, Average Annual Pay Report 2004 and Mine Safety & Health Administration 2004 Part 50 data.